# GDC:

## The GNU D Compiler

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# Outline


1. History of Porting D Front End (DFE)
2. GDC Current Status
3. The Anatomy of a GCC Front End
4. GDC Extensions
5. Future Plans

# What is D?

- D is a language with C-like syntax and static typing.
- Pragmatically combines convenience, power, and efficiency.
  - High efficiency
  - Systems level access
  - Modeling power
  - Simplicity
  - High productivity
  - Code correctness

# Features Inherited from C/C++

- General look and feel of C/C++.
- Object Oriented.
- Template Metaprogramming.
- Exception Handling.
- Runtime Type Identification.
- Operator Overloading.

# Features Dropped from C/C++

- C source compatibility.
- C Preprocessor and Macros.
- Multiple Inheritance.
- Forward Declarations.
- Support for 16-bit architectures.
- Implementation Specific Types.

# A Short History of Porting the D Front End.

# History

Late/1999:

Work began on D.

August/2001:

First public announcement and draft specification.

December/2001:

D v0.01 Alpha released.

# History

January/2002:

Early discussions of wanting to port D to GNU/Linux began.

April/2002:

Walter Bright releases D Front End sources.

May/2002:

Birth of D.gnu Mailing List and BrightD Compiler Project.

June/2002:

OpenD Compiler Project announced.

# History

August/2002:

D Linux (DLI) released.

May/2003:

Walter Ports DMD to GNU/Linux.

February/2004:

GDMD Compiler Released.

March/2004:

DGCC Compiler Released.

# History

September/2007:

New Development of an LLVM D Compiler.

June/2008:

DGCC Development Abandoned.

September/2009:

GDC Revival Project Kicks Off.

December/2009:

Enter Your Humble Speaker.

# Current State of D2 Compiler

- Three main compilers based off the D2 Front End.
- Platform support for Linux, FreeBSD, OSX, Solaris, and Windows.
- Target support for ARM, PowerPC, x86, x86_64.
- D Runtime gaining support for more targets.
- Phobos becoming platform agnostic.

# Current GDC Support Status.

# GDC: Language Support

- D Front End 2.063.2.
- Passes 100% on D2 Testsuite on x86 and x86_64.
- Passes all unittests in Druntime and Phobos.

# GDC: Target Support

- **x86/x86_64:** Solid support.
- **ARM:** Partial support.
- **MIPS:** Partial support.
- **Others:** Untested / No runtime support.

# GDC: Platform Support

- **GNU/Linux:** Main support platform.
- **FreeBSD/OpenBSD:** Support should be there.
- **OSX:** Lacks TLS Support.
- **Windows/MinGW:** Alpha quality release available.

# GDC: Incompatibilities with DMD.

- GDC follows the D calling convention as per the spec.
- Except for Win32, which defines the D calling convention.
- No D Inline Assembly implemented.
- No naked function support.

# GDC: Incompatibilities with DMD.

- Type va_list matches C ABI.
- No __simd support.
  - Allow __vector sizes of 8, 16 or 32 bytes.
  - No current restrictions on what targets can use __vector.
- **gcov** and **gprof** replace -cov and -profile.
- **gdmd** script maintained separately.

# The Anatomy of a GCC Front End.

# Why GCC?

- GCC is developed to be 100% free software.
- The entry barrier to GCC development has gotten considerably lower during the last few years.
- With work on documentation and separation of internal modules, writing your own front end for GCC has become accessible to a wider community of developers.

# Introduction to GCC

- Able to translate from a variety of source languages to assembly.
- Encapsulated into one command.
- Front end is made up of two main components.

# Compilation Driver

- User interfacing application.
- Knows about all supported languages.
- Able to determine source language.
- Passes output between compiler and assembler.

# Compilation Driver

```
void
lang_specific_driver (struct cl_decoded_option **in_decoded_options,
                      unsigned int *in_decoded_options_count,
                      int *in_added_libraries)
{
}

int
lang_specific_pre_link (void)
{
  return 0;
}

int lang_specific_extra_outfiles = 0;

const struct spec_function lang_specific_spec_functions[] =
{
    { 0, 0 }
};
```

# Compiler Proper

- One compiler proper for each language.
- Composed from three components.

# Front End, Middle End and Back End

- The Front End contains all the language processing logic.
- The Middle End is the platform independent part of the compiler.
- The Back End is then the platform dependent part.

# GENERIC

- GENERIC is a tree language.
- Mechanism to define own node types.
- Supports everything there is to represent in a typical C function.
- During the course of compilation, it is lowered into an intermediate code called GIMPLE.

# GIMPLE

- GIMPLE is a subset of GENERIC.
- Breaks down all expressions, using temporaries to store intermediate results.
- Further transforms all blocks into gotos and labels.
- Lowered down to RTL, or Register Transfer Language.

# Interfacing with D Front-End

- GDC initialises the D Front-End, sets up all global parameters.
- D Front-End parses and runs semantic on the code.

```
void Import::semantic(Scope *sc);

void Module::semantic();

void Declaration::semantic(Scope *sc);

void Dsymbol::semantic(Scope *sc);

Type *Type::semantic(Loc loc, Scope *sc);

Expression *Expression::semantic(Scope *sc);

Statement *Statement::semantic(Scope *sc);

Initializer *Initializer::semantic(Scope *sc, Type *t);
```

# Interfacing with D Front-End

- GDC generates GENERIC to be sent to backend.

```
void Module::genmoduleinfo (void);

void Declaration::toDt (dt_t **pdt);
void Declaration::toObjFile (int);
void Declaration::toSymbol (void);

void Dsymbol::toObjFile (int);
void Dsymbol::toSymbol (void);

type* Type::toCtype (void);
dt_t** Type::toDt (dt_t **pdt);

elem* Expression::toElem (IRState *irs);

void Statement::toIR (IRState *irs);

dt_t* Initializer::toDt (void);
```

# Interfacing with D Front-End

- GCC backend compiles down to RTL.

```
static void
d_write_global_declarations (void)
{
  tree *vec = (tree *) globalDeclarations.data;
  // Complete all generated thunks.
  cgraph_process_same_body_aliases ();
  // Process all file scopes in this compilation, and the external_scope,
  // through wrapup_global_declarations.
  wrapup_global_declarations (vec, globalDeclarations.dim);
  // We're done parsing; proceed to optimize and emit assembly.
  if (!global.errors && !errorcount)
    finalize_compilation_unit ();
  // Now, issue warnings about static, but not defined, functions.
  check_global_declarations (vec, globalDeclarations.dim);
  // After cgraph has had a chance to emit everything that's going to
  // be emitted, output debug information for globals.
  emit_debug_global_declarations (vec, globalDeclarations.dim);
}
```

# Interfacing with GCC

```
#define LANG_HOOKS_NAME                  "GNU D"
#define LANG_HOOKS_INIT                  d_init
#define LANG_HOOKS_INIT_OPTIONS          d_init_options
#define LANG_HOOKS_OPTION_LANG_MASK      d_option_lang_mask
#define LANG_HOOKS_HANDLE_OPTION         d_handle_option
#define LANG_HOOKS_POST_OPTIONS          d_post_options
#define LANG_HOOKS_PARSE_FILE            d_parse_file
#define LANG_HOOKS_TYPES_COMPATIBLE_P    d_types_compatible_p
#define LANG_HOOKS_BUILTIN_FUNCTION      d_builtin_function
#define LANG_HOOKS_BUILTIN_FUNCTION_EXT_SCOPE  d_builtin_function
#define LANG_HOOKS_REGISTER_BUILTIN_TYPE d_register_builtin_type
#define LANG_HOOKS_FINISH_INCOMPLETE_DECL d_finish_incomplete_decl
#define LANG_HOOKS_GIMPLIFY_EXPR         d_gimplify_expr
#define LANG_HOOKS_EH_PERSONALITY        d_eh_personality
#define LANG_HOOKS_EH_RUNTIME_TYPE       d_build_eh_type_type
#define LANG_HOOKS_WRITE_GLOBALS         d_write_global_declarations
#define LANG_HOOKS_TYPE_FOR_MODE         d_type_for_mode
#define LANG_HOOKS_TYPE_FOR_SIZE         d_type_for_size
#define LANG_HOOKS_TYPE_PROMOTES_TO      d_type_promotes_to

struct lang_hooks lang_hooks = LANG_HOOKS_INITIALIZER;
```

# Interfacing with GCC

```
enum built_in_attribute
{
#include "builtin-attrs.def"
  ATTR_LAST
};

static tree built_in_attributes[(int) ATTR_LAST];

static void
d_init_attributes (void)
{
#include "builtin-attrs.def"
}
```

# Interfacing with GCC

```
enum d_builtin_type
{
#include "builtin-types.def"
  BT_LAST
};

static tree builtin_types[(int) BT_LAST + 1];

void
d_init_builtins (void)
{
#include "builtin-types.def"

  d_init_attributes ();

#include "builtins.def"

  targetm.init_builtins ();
  build_common_builtin_nodes ();
}
```

# Interfacing with GCC

```
void
d_backend_init (void)
{
  init_global_binding_level ();

  // Parameters are (signed_char = false, short_double = false).
  build_common_tree_nodes (false, false);
  d_init_builtins ();

  if (flag_exceptions)
    d_init_exceptions ();

  main_identifier_node = get_identifier ("main");
}
```

# A Simple D Program

```d
module demo;

int add(int a, int b)
{
    return a + b;
}
```

# Code Generated by Front-End

```
Module (demo);

FuncDeclaration (demo.add)
CompoundStatement {
    ReturnStatement { AddExp (SymbolExp (a) + SymbolExp (b)); }
}
```

# Code Generated in GENERIC

```
demo.add (int a, int b)
{
    return <retval> = a + b;
}
```

```
demo.add (int a, int b)
bind_expr (
    return_expr (
        init_expr (<retval>, plus_expr (a, b))
    )
)
```

# Representation after Gimplification

```
demo.add (int a, int b)
{
    int vartmp0;
    vartmp0 = a + b;
    return vartmp0;
}
```

```
demo.add (int a, int b)
gimple_bind (
    int vartmp0;
    gimple_assign (plus_expr, vartmp0, a, b)
    gimple_return (vartmp0)
)
```

# A More Interesting D Program

```
module demo;

long fib (uint m)
{
    return (m < 2) ? m : fib (m - 1) + fib (m - 2);
}
```

# Code Generated by Front-End

```
Module (demo);

FuncDeclaration (demo.fib)
CompoundStatement {
    ReturnStatement {
      CondExp { CmpExp (SymbolExp (m) < IntegerExp (2))
                       ? SymbolExp (m)
                       : AddExp (CallExp (fib, (MinExp (SymbolExp (m),
                                                        IntegerExp (1)))),
                                 CallExp (fib, (MinExp (SymbolExp (m),
                                                        IntegerExp (2))))); }
    }
}
```

# Code Generated in GENERIC

```
demo.fib(uint m)
{
    return <retval> = m <= 1 ? (long) m : demo.fib (m - 1) + demo.fib (m - 2);
}
```

```
demo.fib(uint m)
bind_expr (
    return_expr (
        init_expr (<retval>,
            cond_expr (le_expr, m, 1,
                nop_expr (m),
                plus_expr (call_expr (demo.fib, minus_expr (m, 1)),
                           call_expr (demo.fib, minus_expr (m, 2)))
            )
        )
    )
)
```

# Representation after Gimplification

```
demo.fib (uint m)
{
    long vartmp0;
    long iftmp0;
    uint vartmp1;
    long vartmp2;
    uint vartmp3;
    long vartmp4;
    if (m <= 1) goto L1; else goto L2;
    L1:
    iftmp0 = (long) m;
    goto L3;
    L2:
    vartmp1 = m + 4294967295;
    vartmp2 = demo.fib (vartmp1);
    vartmp3 = m + 4294967294;
    vartmp4 = demo.fib (vartmp3);
    iftmp0 = vartmp2 + vartmp4;
    L3:
    vartmp0 = iftmp0;
    return vartmp0;
}
```

# Representation after Gimplification

```
demo.fib (uint m)
gimple_bind (
    long vartmp0;
    uint vartmp1;
    long vartmp2;
    uint vartmp3;
    long vartmp4;
    long iftmp0;
    gimple_cond (le_expr, m, 1, (L1), (L2))
    gimple_label (L1)
    gimple_assign (nop_expr, iftmp0, m)
    gimple_goto (L3)
    gimple_label (L2)
    gimple_assign (plus_expr, vartmp1, m, 4294967295)
    gimple_call (demo.fib, vartmp2, vartmp1)
    gimple_assign (plus_expr, vartmp3, m, 4294967294)
    gimple_call (demo.fib, vartmp4, vartmp3)
    gimple_assign (plus_expr, iftmp0, vartmp2, vartmp4)
    gimple_label (L3)
    gimple_assign (var_decl, vartmp0, iftmp0)
    gimple_return (vartmp0)
)
```

# GDC Extensions

# Custom Static Chains

- Generated for all nested functions
- Generated for toplevel functions with nested references.

```
int delegate() foo()
{
    int x = 7;

    int bar()
    {
        int baz()
        {
            return x + 3;
        }
        return baz();
    }
    return &bar;
}
```

# Generated GENERIC Code

```
closure.foo.bar.baz (void *this)
{
    return <retval> = ((CLOSURE.closure.foo *) this)->x + 3;
}

closure.foo.bar (void *this)
{
    return <retval> = closure.foo.bar.baz ((CLOSURE.closure.foo *) this);
}

closure.foo (void *this)
{
    int x [value-expr: (__closptr)->x];
    struct CLOSURE.closure.foo *__closptr;

    __closptr = (CLOSURE.closure.foo *) _d_allocmemory (8);
    __closptr->__chain = 0B;
    __closptr->x = 7;
    return <retval> = {.object=__closptr, .func=closure.foo.bar};
}
```

# Function Frames

- Where a closure is not required, a frame is instead generated.

```
void bar()
{
    int add = 2;
    scope dg = (int a) => a + add;
    assert(dg(5) == 7);
}
```

# Generated GENERIC Code

```
frame.bar.__lambda1 (void *this)
{
    return <retval> = a + ((FRAME.frame.bar *) this)->add;
}

frame.bar ()
{
    struct  dg;
    int add [value-expr: (&__frame)->add];
    struct FRAME.frame.bar __frame;

    __frame.__chain = 0B;
    (&__frame)->add = 2;
    dg = {.object=&__frame, .func=frame.bar.__lambda1};
    if (dg.func (dg.object, 5) == 7)
    {
        0
    }
    else
    {
        _d_assert ({.length=6, .ptr="test.d"}, 7);
    }
}
```

# GCC Built-in Functions and Types

- **gcc.builtins** gives access to built-ins provided by the GCC backend.

```
import gcc.builtins;

void test()
{
    real r = 0.5 * __builtin_sqrtl(real.min_normal);

    __builtin_printf("Hello World!\n");
}
```

# Generated GENERIC Code

- Allows many C library calls to be optimised in certain cases.

```
builtins.test ()
{
    real r;

    r = 9.16801933777423582810706196024241582978182485679283618642e-2467;

    __builtin_puts ("Hello World!");
}
```

# Built-in Types

- Defines aliases to internal types.

```
__builtin_va_list;          // Target C va_list type.
__builtin_clong;            // Target C long int type.
__builtin_culong;           // Target C long unsigned int type.
__builtin_machine_byte;     // Signed type whose size is equal to sizeof(unit).
__builtin_machine_ubyte;    // Unsigned variant.
__builtin_machine_int;      // Signed type whose size is equal to sizeof(word).
__builtin_machine_uint;     // Unsigned variant.
__builtin_pointer_int;      // Signed type whose size is equal to sizeof(pointer).
__builtin_pointer_uint;     // Unsigned variant.
__builtin_unwind_int;       // Target C _Unwind_Sword type, for EH.
__builtin_unwind_uint;      // Target C _Unwind_Word type, for EH.
```

# Implementing D Intrinsics

- DMD has several intrinsics to the compiler.

```
import core.bitop;
import core.math;

void main()
{
    long l;
    l = rndtol (4.5);

    size_t[2] a = [2, 256];
    btc(a.ptr, 35);
}
```

# Generated GENERIC Code

- **core.math** intrinsics are mapped to GCC builtin-ins.
- **core.bitop** instrinsics are expanded with inlined generated code.

```
int D main()
{
    int D.2001;
    ulong a[2];
    long l;

    l = 0;
    l = (long) __builtin_llroundl (4.5e+0);

    a[0] = 2;
    a[1] = 256;
    D.2001 = (*(ulong *) &a & 34359738368) != 0 ? -1 : 0;
    *(ulong *) &a = *(ulong *) &a ^ 34359738368;

    return <retval> = 0;
}
```

# Extending D Intrinsics

- Many functions defined in **core.stdc** are mapped to GCC built-ins.
- Functions recognised as a GCC built-in can be optimised.
- Can be turned off with **-fno-builtin** switch.

```
import core.stdc.stdio;
import core.stdc.math;

void test()
{
    real r = powl(3, 3);

    if (r == 27.0)
        printf("Match!\n");
}
```

```
intrinsic.test()
{
    real r;

    r = 2.7e+1;
    {
        if (r == 2.7e+1)
        {
            __builtin_puts ("Match!");
        }
    }
}
```

# Variadic Functions

- The va_list type has an exclusive meaning in the compiler.
- Matches the C ABI, type is not a void*.
- Defined in **gcc.builtins**, then an alias to the type in **core.stdc.stdarg**.
- Special va functions expanded at compile-time.

# Variadic Functions

```
import core.stdc.stdarg;

void variadic(...)
{
  auto a1 = va_arg!(int)(_argptr);
  auto a2 = va_arg!(double)(_argptr);
  auto a3 = va_arg!(int[2])(_argptr);
  auto a4 = va_arg!(string)(_argptr);
}
```

# Generated GENERIC Code

```
valist.variadic (struct TypeInfo_Tuple & _arguments_typeinfo)
{
  struct  _argptr[1];
  struct  a4;
  int a3[2];
  double a2;
  int a1;
  struct  _arguments;

  __builtin_va_start (&_argptr, _arguments_typeinfo);
  try
    {
      _arguments = _arguments_typeinfo->elements;
      a1 = VA_ARG_EXPR <_argptr>;
      a2 = VA_ARG_EXPR <_argptr>;
      a3 = VA_ARG_EXPR <_argptr>;
      a4 = VA_ARG_EXPR <_argptr>;
    }
  finally
    {
      __builtin_va_end (&_argptr);
    }
}
```

# GCC Attributes

- Used to be accessible via pragmas in the language.
- Now uses UDA syntax that gets handled by **gcc.attributes**.

```
import gcc.attributes;
import gcc.builtins;

@attribute("noreturn")
void die()
{
    __builtin_unreachable();
}

@attribute("forceinline")
int multiply(int a, int b)
{
  return a * b;
}
```

# GCC Type Attributes

- Attributes can also be applied to types.

```
import gcc.attributes;

@attribute("aligned")
struct A
{
    char c;
    int i;
}

@attribute("unused") int unused_var;
```

- As of writing, none of these type attributes are implemented in GDC.

# GCC Extended Assembly

- GDC implements a variant of GCC Extended Assembly.
- Extended assembly allows you to optionally specify the operands.

```
asm {
    "rdtsc"
    : /* output operands */
    : /* input operands  */
    : /* list of clobbered registers */;
}
```

# GCC Extended Assembly

```
static uint getIeeeFlags()
{
    asm
    {
        fstsw AX;
        and EAX, 0x03D;
    }


    uint result;
    asm
    {
        "fstsw %%ax;
         andl $0x03D, %%eax"
        : "=a" result;
    }
    return result;
}
```

# Benefits of Extended Assembly

- It is available on nearly all targets.
- Instruction templates can be generated through CTFE string constants.
- Does not prevent a function from being inlined.
- Can have some common optimisations applied to them, such as DCE.

# Future Plans

# Compiler: Short Term

- Find a workable solution for TLS support.
- Better support for LTO.
- Correct generation of D Thunks.

# Compiler: Long Term

- Implement D Front-End in D.
- Integration of DFE into GCC garbage collector.

# Compiler: Wishlist

- Add support for label operands in Extended Assembly.

```
int frob(int x)
{
  int y;
  asm {
      "frob %%r5, %1;
       jc %l[Lerror];
       mov (%2), %%r5"
      :
      : "r"(x), "r"(&y)
      : "r5", "memory"
      : Lerror;
  }
  return y;

Lerror:
  return -1;
}
```

# Library

- Implement Exception Chaining.
- Conversion of D IASM to Extended Assembly.
- Finish off port of ARM.
- Fix D GC runtime for TLS support.

http://gdcproject.org

http://bugzilla.gdcproject.org

https://github.com/D-Programming-GDC/GDC

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# Questions?